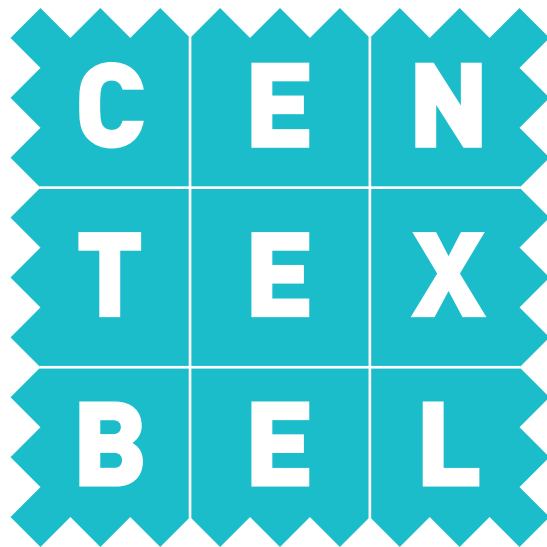


PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

SAVING LIVES BY INDEPENDENT, EXPERT
PPE TESTING & CERTIFICATION



MEDICAL DEVICE OR PPE?

SOME PRODUCTS SERVING A DUAL PURPOSE MAY FALL UNDER DIFFERENT REGULATIONS.

Some products may be intended to be used both as personal protective equipment and as a medical device. These products therefore have a dual purpose. For example, gloves with a medical purpose in the patient environment are medical devices (e.g. examination gloves), but as they may also be designed to protect to the user, they can fall within the definition of personal protective equipment. Masks used by surgeons during surgery may also be designed as a filtering respiratory device to protect the user against body liquids or other infective agents. Sunglasses or other protective glasses/goggles or visors with correction are another common example of dual-purpose devices.

If a manufacturer wants to market a product as both a medical device and personal protective equipment, it must meet the essential health and safety requirements of both the PPE and medical device regulations.



Many products require **CE marking** before they can be sold in the EU. CE marking indicates that a product has been assessed by the manufacturer and deemed to meet EU safety, health and environmental protection requirements. It is required for products manufactured anywhere in the world that are then marketed in the EU.

If applicable, the CE marking must be accompanied by the identification number of the Notified Body that is responsible for the annual surveillance.

Centexbel is Notified Body #0493

Centexbel offers a wide range of **testing and certification services** to help you effectively market your products. As we are **independent** of all product suppliers, installers and manufacturers, we guarantee a **confidential and impartial service** and provide **reliable and objective information to support compliance with Regulation (EU) 2016/425**.

Centexbel is a **BELAC-accredited Certification Body (056-PROD, EN ISO/IEC 17065:2012)** and **Testing Laboratory (056-TEST, EN ISO/IEC 17025:2017)** as well as **Notified Body #0493 for the PPE Regulation (EU) 2016/425** and other relevant Directives and Regulations.

We guide you to meet and demonstrate compliance of your products with all relevant standards and legislation.

We also provide full conformity assessment services, including:

Module C2: EU type examination based on supervised product checks at random intervals

Module D: EU type examination based on quality assurance of the production process

With Centexbel's expertise and support, you can ensure your products comply with all regulations, maintain high quality and reliability, and access the European market with confidence.

We guarantee
expertise, quality,
safety, reliability,
and accuracy!





PPE MARKING

Personal protective equipment (PPE) are products that the user can wear or hold, in order to be protected against hazards either at home, at work or whilst engaging in leisure activities. Statistics on fatal and major work accidents underline the importance of protection and prevention, for which personal protective equipment plays an important role.

EU Legislation and PPE

The European Union has issued a number of regulations to improve health and safety at work and to ensure high quality PPE. PPE Regulation (EU)2016/425 covers the manufacturing and marketing of personal protective equipment. It defines legal obligations to ensure that PPE on the European market provides the highest level of protection against hazards.

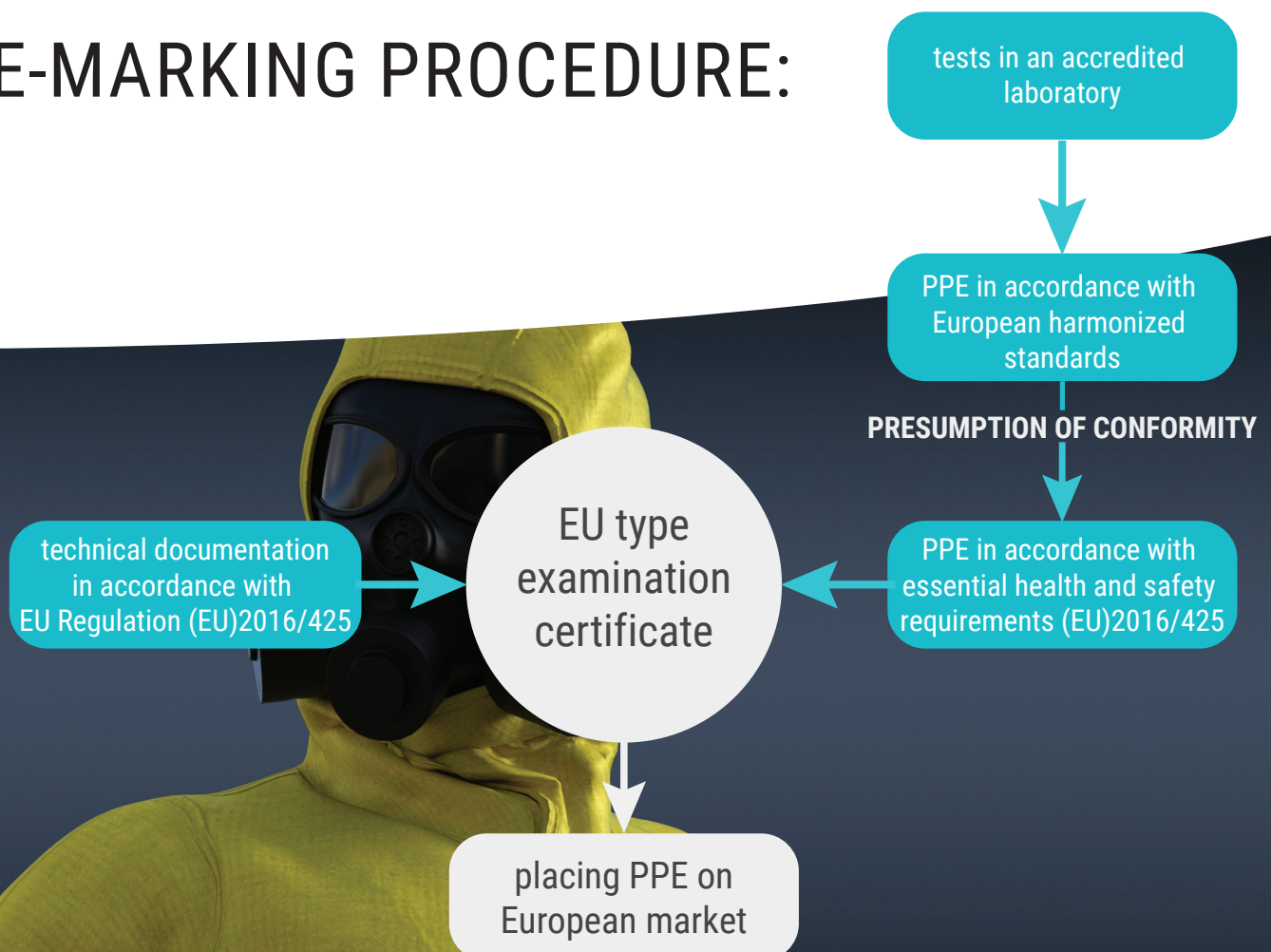
The CE marking affixed to PPE provides evidence of this compliance.

As this is a "New Approach" legislation, manufacturers or their authorised representative in the EU can comply with the technical requirements directly or with European Harmonised Standards. The latter provides a presumption of conformity to the essential health and safety requirements.

PPE Regulation (EU)2016/425

The PPE Regulation is aligned to the New Legislative Framework policy and slightly modifies the scope and the risk categorisation of products. It also clarifies the documentary obligations of economic operators.

CE-MARKING PROCEDURE:



Pictograms

Intended Use



Protection against moving parts



Protection against mechanical risks



Knee protection



Protection against chain saws



Protection against cuts and stabs



Mechanical Vibration and shock - Hand-Arm vibration



Protection against cold



Protection against rain



Protection against UV-radiation



High visibility protective clothing (equipment)



Enhanced visibility equipment

Pictograms

Intended Use



Protection against heat and flame



Protective clothing for use in welding and allied processes



Protective clothing against the thermal hazards of an electric arc



Protective equipment for fire fighters



Wildland firefighting clothing



Protection against static electricity



Protection against (high) chemical risks



Protection against microbiological hazards and micro-organisms



Protective equipment for pesticide operators applying pesticides and for re-entry workers



Protection against particulate radioactive contamination

Producers and distributors of personal protective equipment (PPE) are required to affix the CE marking to their products as visible proof of compliance with essential health and safety requirements. Under EU Regulation (EU) 2016/425, notified bodies play a key role, especially in conducting EU type examinations for PPE in categories II and III, and in the ongoing surveillance of category III PPE. Since 1994, Centexbel has been recognized by the FPS Economy (Federal Public Services) as a Notified Body (European notification number 0493) for protective clothing, gloves, and respiratory protection.

Standards: Protective clothing

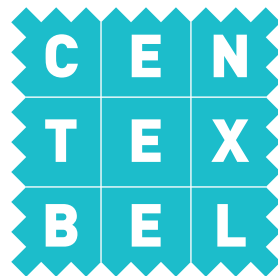
EN ISO 13688	Protective clothing - general requirements	ISO 21942	Station uniform for firefighters
EN 510	Specification for protective clothing for use where there is a risk of entanglement with moving parts	EN 1486	Protective clothing for firefighters - Test methods and requirements for reflective clothing for specialised fire-fighting
EN 14404 -1,3,4	Personal protective equipment. Knee protectors for work in the kneeling position	ISO 15538	Protective clothing for firefighters – Laboratory test methods and performance requirements for protective clothing with a reflective outer surface
EN ISO 11393-1,2,6	Protective clothing for users of hand-held chain saws	EN 13911	Protective clothing for firefighters - Requirements and test methods for fire hoods for firefighters
EN 342	Protective clothing against cold	EN 1149-5	Protective clothing - Electrostatic properties - Part 5: Material performance and design requirements
EN 343	Protective clothing against rain	EN 13034	Protective clothing against liquid chemicals - Performance requirements for chemical protective clothing offering limited protective performance against liquid chemicals (Type 6 and Type PB [6] equipment)
EN 14058	Protective clothing - Garments for protection against cool environments	EN 14605	Protective clothing against liquid chemicals - performance requirements for clothing with liquid-tight (Type 3) or spray-tight (Type 4) connections, including items providing protection to parts of the body only (Types PB [3] and PB [4])
EN 13758-2	Textiles - Solar UV protective properties - Part 2: Classification and marking of apparel	EN 14126	Protective clothing - Performance requirements and tests methods for protective clothing against infective agents
EN ISO 20471	High visibility clothing - Test methods and requirements	EN ISO 13982-1	Protective clothing for use against solid particulates - Part 1: Performance requirements for chemical protective clothing providing protection to the full body against airborne solid particulates (type 5 clothing)
EN 17353	Protective clothing - Enhanced visibility equipment for medium risk situations - Test methods and requirements	EN 1073-2	Protective clothing against radioactive contamination - Part 2: Requirements and test methods for non-ventilated protective clothing against particulate radioactive contamination
NF S 74-567	Protective clothing - Visibility hunting clothing and textile articles - requirements and test methods	EN ISO 27065	Protective clothing - Performance requirements for protective clothing worn by operators applying pesticides and for re-entry workers
RIS-3279-TOM	High Visibility Clothing - Railway Group	EN ISO 13998	Protective clothing - Aprons, trousers and vests protecting against cuts and stabs by hand knives
EN ISO 11611	Protective clothing for use in welding and allied processes	NIJ 0115.00	Stab Resistance of Personal Body Armor
EN ISO 11612	Protective clothing – Clothing to protect against heat and flame – Minimum performance requirements	NIJ 0101.07	Ballistic Resistance of Body Armor
EN ISO 14116	Protective clothing - Protection against flame - Limited flame spread materials, material assemblies and clothing	TR Ballistics	Body Armor Technical Guideline (TR) Ballistic protective vests
EN 61482-2	Live working - Protective clothing against the thermal hazards of an electric arc - Part 2: Requirements	VPAM BSW 2006	Ballistic Protective Vests
EN 469	Protective clothing for firefighters - Performance requirements for protective clothing for firefighting	HOSDB 2017	HOSDB: Home Office Body Armour Standard CAST Publication
EN ISO 15384	Protective clothing for firefighters - Laboratory test methods and performance requirements for wildland firefighting clothing	Stanag 2920PPS (edition 2)	Ballistic test method for personal armour materials and combat clothing
EN 16689	Protective clothing for firefighters - Performance requirements for protective clothing for technical rescue		

Standards: Protective gloves

EN ISO 21420	Protective gloves - General requirements and test methods	EN ISO 374-5	Protective gloves against dangerous chemicals and micro-organisms - Part 5: Terminology and performance requirements for microorganisms risks
EN 16350	Protective gloves - Electrostatic properties	EN 421	Protective gloves against ionizing radiation and radioactive contamination
EN 388	Protective gloves against mechanical risks	ISO 18889	Protective gloves for pesticide operators and re-entry workers - Performance requirements
EN 407	Protective gloves and other hand protective equipments against thermal risks (heat and/or fire)	EN 60903	Live working - Gloves of insulating material
EN 12477	Protective gloves for welders	EN ISO 10819	Mechanical vibration and shock - Hand-arm vibration - Measurement and evaluation of the vibration transmissibility of gloves at the palm of the hand
EN 659	Protective gloves for fire-fighters	EN ISO 11393-4	Protective clothing for users of hand-held chainsaws - Part 4: Performance requirements and test methods for protective gloves
EN 511	Protective gloves against cold	EN 1082-1	Protective clothing - Gloves and arm guards protecting against cuts and stabs by hand knives - Part 1: Chain mail gloves and arm guards
EN ISO 374-1	Protective gloves against dangerous chemicals and micro-organisms - Part 1: Terminology and performance requirements for chemical risks	EN 1082-2	Protective clothing - Gloves and arm guards protecting against cuts and stabs by hand knives - Part 2: Gloves and arm guards made of material other than chain mail

Standard: Respiratory protective devices

EN 149	Respiratory protective devices - Filtering half masks to protect against particles - Requirements, testing, marking
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