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(54) IMPROVED CARDBOARD PACKAGING
(57) The invention pertains to a cardboard packaging (8) for stabilizing a stack (2) of pre-packed units of products (4), preferably a stack of pre-packed units of absorbent articles, wherein said cardboard packaging (8) comprises three distinct components comprising:
a. a base (10) comprising at least one bottom panel (18) and four bottom side panels (16) and delimiting a container to stack pre-packed units of products (4), b. at least two elongated arms (12) extending in a perpendicular direction in relation to the plane Delimited by the bottom panel (18), and
c. a top (14) comprising at least one top panel (22), four
side panel (20) and delimiting a container to stack pre-packed units of products (4),

According to the invention, the base (10) comprises a fastening element (24) to fasten said arms (12) to the base (10). The invention also concerns the use of such a cardboard packaging (8) for stabilizing a stack (2) of pre-packed units of products (4) and a method to stabilize a stack (2) of pre-packed units of products (4) using such cardboard packaging (8) and an assembly comprising a stack (2) of pre-packed units of products (4) and such a cardboard packaging (8).

FIG. 1


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## Description

## TECHNICAL FIELD

[0001] The invention pertains to the technical field of packaging stacked compressible products in a stable manner, in particular packaging disposable absorbent articles such as diapers, incontinence products, pants, sanitary napkins, swim pants which may be pre-packed, e.g. in open cartons which are stacked on a pallet.

## BACKGROUND

[0002] Consumer products such as baby diaper bags are often packed in tray cartons, stacked on pallets, provided with edge protectors and wrapped with stretch film. [0003] For example, document WO 1996/041753 A1 discloses a package comprising an array of at least two substantially rectangular flexible packs, each pack comprising flexible articles which have been compressed in a direction of compression to between $20 \%$ and $70 \%$ of their uncompressed volume encased in a flexible bag, the array comprising four side faces, a top face and a bottom face, a flexible wrapper wrapped around at least a part of the side faces of the array, the wrapper forming a tube having a tube section extending beyond the top face of the area $Y$, the tube section being folded transversely to the side faces to at least partly cover the top face and attachment means for maintaining the foldedover tube section in its folded over position.
[0004] Another example, document EP 2835314 A1 discloses a method for stabilizing a stack of absorbent articles such as diapers where the stack is wrapped in a first wrapping material and in a second wrapping material.
[0005] The packages of the prior art require great quantities of stretch film which is not environmentally friendly, they require the use of expensive edge protectors and frequently do not have sufficient stability, often at the expense of transportation safety and logistical handling.
[0006] There remains a need for an improved packaging and method for resolving at least some of the problems mentioned above.
[0007] The invention thereto aims to provide a more sustainable packaging that increases the stability of the packages (e.g. baby diaper cartons on pallets) and significantly reduce the need for stretch film.

## SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

[0008] The present invention provides a cardboard packaging and a method for stabilizing a stack of products, preferably pre-packed units of products, in particular products such as absorbent articles.
[0009] The invention concerns a cardboard packaging for stabilizing a stack of pre-packed units of products, preferably a stack of pre-packed units of absorbent arti-
cles, wherein said cardboard packaging comprises three distinct components comprising, or selected from :

- a base comprising at least one bottom panel and four bottom side panels and delimiting a container to stack pre-packed units of products,
- at least two elongated arms extending in a perpendicular direction in relation to the plane delimited by the bottom panel, and
- a top comprising at least one top panel, four side panel and delimiting a container to stack pre-packed units of products,
[0010] According to the invention, the base comprises
[0011] By the term "pre-packed" as used herein, it is meant that one or more absorbent articles are packed in a single unit, such as a carton or a bag, before being stacked.
20 [0012] By the term "distinct" as used herein, it is meant separate, non-continuous or discrete, or in other words, that said components do not form a continuity of matter when the stack of pre-packed units of products is in its final stabilized configuration.
25 [0013] In other terms, the cardboard packaging comprises three separate or discrete components and the arms are reversibly fastened to the base and/or top. By the term "reversibly fastened" as used herein, it is meant that the arms are connected in a reversible manner to 30 the base and/or top. In other words the cardboard packaging according to the invention, comprises three components, elements or modules, the base, the arms and the top that are discrete or separated meaning that these three components do not form a continuity of matter, at 35 least in the final configuration, i.e. once the stack of prepacked units of products is stabilized. The components are associated with one another in a reversible manner, meaning that they can be associated and separated without causing any irreversible damage. Preferably, the components are mechanically attached and separable without causing any irreversible damage.
[0014] According to an embodiment, the cardboard packaging comprises a pre-cut division arranged transversally between the base and top enabling the detachment of the base from the top.
[0015] According to an embodiment, the top comprises a fastening element to fasten said arms to the top.
[0016] According to an embodiment, wherein the fastening element comprises two pre-cut portions extending parallel to one another and in one direction arranged at the junction between two side panels and extending on both side panels on both side of said junction.
[0017] According to an embodiment, wherein the precut portions delimit a mobile panel portion that can be moved toward the inner volume of the container delimited by the base.
[0018] More precisely, the mobile panel portion is movable in two directions, toward the inner volume of the
container delimited by the base and away from the centre of said inner volume of the container delimited by the base. In other words, the mobile panel portion is movable between two positions, a first position within the inner volume of the container delimited by the base and a second position up against the arms once the arms have been slid in or forming continuity with the side panels of the base if the arms have not been slid in.
[0019] According to an embodiment, the top comprises at least one cut-out serving as a gripping feature.
[0020] According to an embodiment, the mobile panel portion comprises a height and a width, wherein the height of the bottom side panel is from 1.5 time to 4 times greater than the height of the mobile panel portion, preferably around 2 times greater, and/or the width of the bottom side panel is from 3 times to 8 times greater than the width of the mobile panel portion.
[0021] According to an embodiment, the surface area delimited by the cut-out is from 3 times to 15 times lesser than the surface area delimited by the mobile panel portion.
[0022] According to an embodiment, two cut-outs are arranged on a top side panel and one single cut-out is arranged on the two adjacent top side panels.
[0023] The invention also pertains to the use of a cardboard packaging as described previously to stabilize a stack of pre-packed unit of products, preferably a stack of pre-packed unit of absorbent articles.
[0024] The invention also pertains to a method to stabilize a stack of pre-packed units of products using a cardboard packaging as described previously, wherein the method comprises the following steps:
a. providing a cardboard packaging as described previously;
b. pivoting the side panels and bottom panel(s) to delimit an open container;
c. arranging an arm at each corner of the base and/or top;
d. arranging a stack of pre-packed units of products in said container delimited by the base and/or top and arms ;
e. separating the base from the top and raising the top or placing the top on top of the stack of prepacked units of products, and pivoting the top panels over the stack of pre-packed units of products.
[0025] According to an embodiment, the method comprises an additional step $f$. where the mobile panel portion is moved inward the container delimited by the base delimiting a receiving space with two passing holes where an arm can slide through.
[0026] According to an embodiment, the method comprises an additional step g . where the mobile panel portion is moved outward, once the arm has been arranged within the receiving space, up to the point where the mobile panel portion abuts against said arm.
[0027] The invention also pertains to an assembly
comprising a stack of pre-packed unit of products, said stack comprising a plurality of absorbent articles and a cardboard packaging as described previously.
[0028] In an embodiment, at least one and preferably

FIG. 1 shows a perspective view of stack of prepacked units of products being stabilized by a cardboard packaging according to the invention.

FIG. 2 illustrates a perspective view of cardboard packaging according to the invention in an assembled and unfolded configuration.

FIG. 3 exemplifies a perspective view of component, the base, of the cardboard packaging according to the invention in an assembled and unfolded configuration.

FIG. 4 shows a side view of the net of the top and bottom components of the cardboard packaging, or in other words, a side view of the cardboard packaging 8 disassembled and laid flat.

FIG. 5A to FIG. 5F illustrates a perspective view of the different steps in the stacking and stabilizing of a stack of pre-packed units of products.

FIG. 6A to FIG. 6D exemplifies a top view of a close up of the cardboard packaging and the different steps to securing an arm to the base.

## DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

[0031] The present invention concerns a cardboard packaging and a method for stabilizing a stack of products, preferably pre-packed units of products, preferably said units comprising absorbent articles, as well as an assembly comprising a stack comprising pre-packed units which preferably comprise absorbent articles and a cardboard packaging.
[0032] Unless otherwise defined, all terms used in disclosing the invention, including technical and scientific terms, have the meaning as commonly understood by one of ordinary skill in the art to which this invention belongs. By means of further guidance, term definitions are included to better appreciate the teaching of the present
invention.
[0033] As used herein, the following terms have the following meanings:
"A", "an", and "the" as used herein refers to both singular and plural referents unless the context clearly dictates otherwise. By way of example, "a compartment" refers to one or more than one compartment.
[0034] "Absorbent article" refers to devices that absorb and contain liquid, and more specifically, refers to devices that are placed against or in proximity to the body of the wearer to absorb and contain the various exudates discharged from the body. Absorbent articles can for example comprise baby diapers or adult diapers, incontinence products, tampons, sanitary napkins, pantiliners, swim pants, baby pants or adult pants. Absorbent articles preferably comprise a longitudinal axis and a transversal axis perpendicular to said longitudinal axis. The longitudinal axis is hereby conventionally chosen in the front-to-back direction of the article when referring to the article being worn, and the transversal axis is conventionally chosen in the left-to-right direction of the article when referring to the article being worn. Disposable absorbent articles can include a liquid pervious topsheet, a backsheet joined to the topsheet, and an absorbent core positioned and held between the topsheet and the backsheet. The topsheet is operatively permeable to the liquids that are intended to be held or stored by the absorbent article, and the backsheet may or may not be substantially impervious or otherwise operatively impermeable to the intended liquids. The absorbent article may also include other components, such as acquisition distribution layers, liquid intake layers, liquid distribution layers, transfer layers, barrier layers, wrapping layers and the like, as well as combinations thereof. Disposable absorbent articles and the components thereof can operate to provide a body-facing surface and a garment-facing surface.
[0035] "About" as used herein referring to a measurable value such as a parameter, an amount, a temporal duration, and the like, is meant to encompass variations of $+/-20 \%$ or less, preferably $+/-10 \%$ or less, more preferably $+/-5 \%$ or less, even more preferably $+/-1 \%$ or less, and still more preferably $+/-0.1 \%$ or less of and from the specified value, in so far such variations are appropriate to perform in the disclosed invention. However, it is to be understood that the value to which the modifier "about" refers is itself also specifically disclosed.
[0036] As used herein, the term "cellulosic" or "cellulosic fibers" is meant to include any material having cellulose as a major constituent, and specifically comprising at least 50 percent by weight cellulose or a cellulose derivative. Thus, the term includes cotton, cardboard or paperboard, typical wood pulps, nonwoody cellulosic fibers, kraft paper, cellulose acetate, cellulose triacetate, rayon, thermomechanical wood pulp, chemical wood pulp, debonded chemical wood pulp, milkweed, or bacterial cellulose.
[0037] "Comprise," "comprising," and "comprises" and
"comprised of" as used herein are synonymous with "include", "including", "includes" or "contain", "containing", "contains" and are inclusive or open-ended terms that specifies the presence of what follows e.g. component
5 and do not exclude or preclude the presence of additional, non-recited components, features, element, members, steps, known in the art or disclosed therein.
[0038] "Delimit" as used herein means to delineate, demarcate, mark the outline or limits of an element, in one, 10 two or three dimensions.
[0039] The term "graphic" or "graphic element" includes, but is not limited to, any type of design, image, mark, figure, codes, words, patterns, or the like.
[0040] As used herein, the terms "inward" or "inwardly" 15 and "outward" or "outwardly" are in reference to the generally cuboid shape of the cardboard packaging and each component of said cardboard packaging according to the invention. The main components of the cardboard packaging, which are the base and the top, are substantially cuboid defining with their respective housing, or walls, an interior space (inside), or inner volume, or interior, and an exterior space (outside). "Inward" and "inwardly" refer to an element extending or moving at least partially radially toward the interior and the centre of the cuboid 25 shape of said component whereas "outward" and "outwardly" refer to an element extending or moving at least partially radially away from the centre of the cuboid shape of said component. In other words, "inward" means directed toward the interior whereas "outward" means di30 rected toward the outside or away from a centre.
[0041] "Join", "joining", "joined", or variations thereof, when used in describing the relationship between two or more elements, means that the elements can be connected together in any suitable manner, such as by a continuity of matter, a hinge region, heat sealing, ultrasonic bonding, thermal bonding, by adhesives, stitching, or the like. Further, the elements can be joined directly together, or may have one or more elements interposed between them, all of which are connected together.
40 [0042] The cardboard packaging and its different components and the stack of pre-packed units of products all extend in a longitudinal ( X ), transverse ( Y ) and vertical $(Z)$ direction with respect to the axes of the stack as represented by the axes in FIG. 1. In the description, the
45 length, width and height are mentioned respectively with respect to said longitudinal $(\mathrm{X})$, transverse $(\mathrm{Y})$ and vertical(Z) directions. Similarly, "up", "top", "upper", "bottom" or "ground" are in reference to the vertical axis with respect to the stack of pre-packed units of products in the 50 final assembled configuration.
[0043] Embodiments according to the disclosure will now be described. It is understood that technical features described in one or more embodiments may be combined with one or more other embodiments without departing
55 from the intention of the disclosure and without generalization therefrom.

## CARDBOARD PACKAGING

[0044] As illustrated in FIG. 1, the invention concerns a method of stabilizing a stack 2 of pre-packed units of products 4 , such as units of absorbent articles, for example bags of diapers, arranged on a pallet 6 . The stack 2 of pre-packed units of products 4 is stabilized and held in place by a cardboard packaging 8 comprising a plurality of components that are at least partially reversibly fastened to each other. The cardboard packaging 8 comprises a base 10, a plurality of arms 12, between two and eight arms 12, preferably four arms 12, and a top 14 . The cardboard packaging 8 delimits an inner volume in which the stack of pre-packed units of products 4 are arranged, or in other words, the cardboard packaging 8 and its components $\mathbf{1 0 , 1 2 , 1 4}$ are a container in which is arranged the stack 2 of pre-packed units of products 4 . The cardboard packaging 8 is made out of a material comprising cellulosic fibers such as cardboard or paperboard. The cardboard has preferably a thickness of at least 3 mm , preferably at least 4 mm , preferably from 4 mm to 20 mm , said thickness ensuring that the cardboard packaging 8 is robust enough.
[0045] FIG. 2 illustrates a portion of the cardboard packaging 8, here two components, namely the base 10 and top 14, prior to use, meaning prior to stabilizing a stack 2 of pre-packed units of products 4. The cardboard packaging 8 is illustrated here in an assembled but unfolded configuration.
[0046] The base 10 comprises four base side panels 16 and at least one bottom panel 18, preferably two bottom panels 18 as illustrated in FIG. 2, or four bottom panels 18. Each bottom panel 18 is connected, or joined, to a base side panel 16, meaning that one bottom panel 18 forms a continuity of matter with one base side panel 16 and each base side panel 16 is connected to two other base side panels 16 . Each bottom panel 18 is connected to a base side panel 16 by a pivoting junction, e.g. a hinge region with a reduction of cardboard at the junction, enabling the bottom panel 18 to pivot and form a bottom wall, i.e. the floor of the base 10 when assembled and folded. In other words, when assembled, the base side panels 16 and the bottom panel(s) 18 form a hollow rectangular container, or a hollow rectangular box, as illustrated in FIG. 3, thereby delimiting an inner volume in which a plurality of pre-packed units of products 4 can be stacked. Another way to describe the base 10 when assembled is that the base 10 is a rectangular cuboid, with five of its faces made from cardboard and the sixth face is void. In the final configuration of the cardboard packaging 8, as illustrated in FIG. 1, the base side panels 16 extend either in a $X Z$ plane or in a $Y Z$ plane, whereas the bottom panel 18 extends in a XY plane.
[0047] The top 14 comprises four top side panels 20 and at least one upper panel 22, or two upper panels 22, or preferably four upper panels 22 as illustrated in FIG. 2. Each upper panel $\mathbf{2 2}$ is connected to a top side panel $\mathbf{2 0}$, meaning that one upper panel 22 forms a continuity
of matter with one top side panel 20 and each top side panel 20 is connected to two adjacent top side panels 20. Each upper panel 22 is connected to a top side panel 20 by a pivoting junction, e.g. a hinge region with a re- junction, enabling the upper panel 22 to pivot and form a top wall, i.e. the upper floor of the top 14 when assembled. In other words, when assembled, the top side panels 20 and the upper panel(s) 22 form a hollow rectangular container, or a hollow recwhich a plurality of pre-packed units of products 4 can be stacked. Another way to describe the top 14 when assembled is that the top 14 is a rectangular cuboid, with five of its faces made from cardboard and the sixth face 5 is void. In the final configuration of the cardboard packaging 8, as illustrated in FIG. 1, the top side panels 20 extend either in a $X Z$ plane or in a $Y Z$ plane, whereas the upper panel 22 extends in a XY plane.
[0048] As illustrated in FIG. 1, the stack 2 of pre-packed units of products 4 is arranged in-between the base 10 and the top 14, in other words, within the inner volumes delimited by the base 10 and the top 14. In other words, the base 10 and the top 14 are in a facing relationship with the sixth void-faces of the base 10 and top 14 being the closest to one another, the stack 2 of pre-packed units of products 4 being arranged within.
[0049] As illustrated in FIG. 1, the cardboard packaging 8 also comprises four arms 12, or slats or panel, arranged at the corners of the top 10 and the base 14 and linking, or connecting, the top 10 and the base 14. Each arm 12 is preferably L-shaped, to better fit in the corners of the top 10 and base 14, with two arm panel being arranged perpendicular to one another and being joined along their height or length. The arms 12 serve as a reinforcement mean to ensure the stabilization of the stack 2 of prepacked units of products 4 . Each arm 12 extends vertically from the top 14 to the base 10, along the entire height of the stack 2 of pre-packed units of products 4 as illustrated in FIG. 1.
[0050] The cardboard packaging 8 for packaging and stabilizing a stack 2 of pre-packed units of products 4 , preferably comprising absorbent articles, comprises separate or individual components that are reversibly connected to one another. The distinct or discrete components comprise

- a base 10 comprising at least one bottom panel 18, preferably two bottom panel 18 and four base side panels 16, the bottom panel(s) and base side panels 16 forming a hollow rectangular cardboard box when assembled,
- a top 14 comprising at least one upper panel 22 and four top side panels 20, the upper panel(s) 22 and top side panels 20 forming a hollow rectangular cardboard box when assembled and
- four arms 12 arranged between the top 10 and the base 14 and extending vertically in-between the top 14 and the base 10.
[0051] According to the invention, the base 10 comprises a fastening element to secure the arm 12 to the base 10. In other words, the arms 12 are reversibly connected to the base 10 and/or top 14. By having such a reversible connection, it is possible to disassemble the packaging and re-use it.
[0052] As illustrated in FIG. 1, the arms 12 are narrow and extend on a small width or length of the stack, the arms 12 thereby delimit a frame or a window so that a portion of the pre-packed units of products 4 remain visible. It is thus possible to know which units of absorbent articles are present in the stack 2 thereby simplifying logistics. In other words, at least one peripheral side surfaces of said products 4 or pre-packed units of products 4 is visible. By the term "peripheral side surface of said products or pre-packed units" as used herein, is meant the side surface of the products or units which, when they are stacked, make up the peripheral surface of the stack, i.e. the surface of the stack 2 which can be seen from the side.
[0053] FIG. 3 illustrates the base 10 component of the cardboard packaging 8. The base 10 comprises at least one fastening element 24 to reversibly fasten an arm 12 to the base 10, more particularly to secure said arm 12 to the base side panel 16. The fastening element 24 is arranged at a corner, meaning at the junction between two base side panels 16, substantially at mid-height of the base 10 , meaning that the fastening element 24 is substantially vertically centred on a base side panel 16. The top 14 can also comprise at least one fastening element 24 to further secure the arms 12 to the cardboard packaging.
[0054] FIG. 4 illustrates the net of the top and bottom components of the cardboard packaging 8 (rectangular polyhedron), or in other terms the cardboard packaging 8 laid flat and disassembled. In other words, FIG. 4 illustrates the arrangement of non-overlapping edge-joined panels (upper 22, bottom 18 and side 16,20 ) in one plane (here ( $\mathrm{X}, \mathrm{Z}$ )) in which they can be folded along the edges and hinge portions to become the faces of the cardboard packaging 8 once assembled and folded. The fastening element 24 comprises at least one pre-cut portion 26 in the vicinity of the corner of the base 10 extending in one direction, e.g. here the $X$ direction, a pre-cut portion 26 is arranged at the junction, or folding line or hinge region, between two base side panels 16 and extends on both side panels 16 on either side of that the junction. Preferably, the fastening element 24 comprises two pre-cut portions 26 arranged parallel to one another and separated in height, or vertically separated, meaning in the Z-direction thereby delimiting a mobile panel portion 28.
[0055] Other fastening mechanisms can also be considered such as using L-shape arms each with a flat plate at one vertical end, arranging said flat plate at the corner on the bottom floor of the base and placing a pre-packed unit of products on it can reversibly steady or secure the arm against the base.
[0056] These pre-cut portions 26 are areas of embrit-
tlement, or fusible zones, which are able to yield and thus allow movement of the parts relative to each other. In this case, by pushing on the mobile panel portion 28 arranged in between the two parallel pre-cut portions 26, the pre- cut portion 26 yield and the mobile panel portion 28 can move while maintaining two junctions with the base side panel 16. The cardboard packaging 8, in particular the pre-cut portions 26, can comprise a graphic element for example to show a user where to push to move the mobile panel portion 28. Preferably, these mobile panel portions 28 are pushed inwardly, meaning that a user pushes the mobile panel portion 28 within the inner volume, or interior, of the base 10. The pre-cut portions 26 are preferably orifices, or through-holes, in the cardboard thickness and are arranged in dotted lines. The length and spacing of these orifices delimit the value of the force for which there is will break. The through-holes may have the shape of aligned segments, and in particular the through-holes are of the shape rectangular and aligned. It is, however, entirely possible to consider different shapes, for example dots, triangles or even one single elongated linear hole, without going beyond of the scope of the invention.
[0057] The cardboard packaging 8 can further comprise a pre-cut division 30 arranged transversally, e.g. on the $X$ axis as illustrated in FIG. 4, between the base 10 and top 14, preferably between the bottom side panels 16 and the top side panels 20 , to enable the separation, or detachment, of the top 14 from the base 10.
[0058] The top 14 can further comprise at least one cut-out 32 that can serve as a gripping feature. As illustrated in FIG. 4, a top side panel 20 can comprise one or two cut-outs 32, preferably the longer top side panels 20 comprises two cut-outs 32 whereas the shorter top side panels 20 comprises one cut-out 32.
5 [0059] The cardboard packaging 8 may also comprises a strip 34 arranged at one longitudinal end (in relation to direction X ) on which an adhesive material can be applied in order to unite, or connect, the two base side panels 16 arranged at opposite longitudinal (direction X) ends when assembling by folding the carboard packaging 8. Naturally, the pre-cut portion(s) 26, may also extend on the strip 34.
[0060] As illustrated in FIG. 4, the fastening element 24 delimits a mobile panel portion 28 comprising a height $5 \quad \mathbf{h}_{\mathbf{2 8}}$ and width $\mathbf{w}_{\mathbf{2 8}}$ delimited by the length of the pre-cut portion(s) 26. To ensure that each mobile panel portion 28 delimits a proper receiving space to receive the arms 12, the height $h_{16}$ of the base side panel 16 is from 1.5 time to 4 times greater than the height $\mathbf{h}_{28}$ of the mobile panel portion 28 , preferably about 2 times greater, and/or the width $\mathbf{w}_{16}$ of the base side panel 16 is from 2 times to 8 times greater than the width $\mathbf{w}_{28}$ of the mobile panel portion 28 depending on the face of the rectangular cuboid. As illustrated here, the height $\mathbf{h}_{28}$ of the mobile panel portion 28 is about the half of the height $h_{16}$ of the base side panel 16.
[0061] As illustrated in FIG. 4, a base side panel 16 and a top side panel $\mathbf{2 0}$ aligned, or joined, relative to the
$Z$ direction (height) have the same dimensions in terms of length ( $X$ ) and height ( $Z$ ). Two successive side panels 16,20, in respect with the $X$ direction, have different lengths ( $X$ ), the width of a larger side panel $\mathbf{1 6 , 2 0}$ is from 1.5 to 3 times greater than the width of the smaller side panel 16,20, such dimensions are optimal for packaging the appropriate amount of pre-packed units of products 4.
[0062] As illustrated in FIG. 4, the surface area delimited by the cut-out 32 is from 3 times to 15 times lesser than the surface area delimited by the mobile panel portion 28 in relation to the plane ( $X, Z$ ). According to a preferred embodiment, when two cut-outs 32 are arranged on a top side panel 20 , one single cut-out 32 is arranged on the following top side panel 20 in relation to the $X$ direction, when the carboard packaging 8 is unfolded or laid flat. In other words, when assembled, when two cutouts 32 are arranged on a top side panel 20 , one single cut-out 32 is arranged on the two adjacent top side panels 20, and inversely, when one single cut-out 32 is arranged on a top side panel 20 , two cut-outs 32 are arranged on the two adjacent top side panels 20.
[0063] The stack 2 of pre-packed units of products 4 once stabilized can be further stabilized by at least partially wrapping a sheet or film over the stack 2 of prepacked units of products 4 and the cardboard packaging 8.
[0064] Such carboard packaging 8 can set use to stabilize a stack stack 2 of pre-packed units of products 4 by a single user. $\mu$


## METHOD

[0065] The method to package and stabilize a stack 2, or plurality, of pre-packed units of products 4 using a carboard packaging 8 as described previously will now be described. FIG. 5A to FIG. 5F illustrate some of the steps of said method.
[0066] The method comprises the following steps:
a) providing a carboard packaging 8 as described previously ;
b) if not already done, apply adhesive material on the strip 34 and glue said strip 34 to the base 10 and top 14 edges arranged on the opposite side to obtain a structure as illustrated in FIG. 5A.
c) pivoting the base side panels 16 and bottom panel(s) 18 to delimit an open container with a bottom floor as illustrated in FIG. 5B.
d) arranging an arm 12 at each corner of the base 10 and top 14 as illustrated in FIG. 5D;
e) placing a number of pre-packed units of products 4 in said container delimited by the base 10 and top 14 as illustrated in FIG. 5E, (the cardboard packaging 8 is greyed in said drawings to distinguish it from the pre-packed units of products 4 );
f) once a given number of pre-packed units of products 4 are arranged within the base 10 and top 14, for example between a fourth and the half of final
stacks 2 of pre-packs units of absorbent articles, separating the base 10 from the top 14 by pulling on the top 14, eventually with the cut-outs 32 , until the precut division 30 yield and lifting, or raising, sliding up or moving upward, the top 14 as illustrated in FIG. 5F. g) pivoting, or folding, the top panels 22 over the stack 2 of units of absorbent articles 4 to close the top and obtain a packaged and stabilized stack 2 as illustrated in FIG. 2.
[0067] Alternatively, it is possible to use a cardboard packaging 8 where the base 10 and top 14 are provided as separate, or distinct, elements. The arms 12 are thus arranged at the corners of the base 10 (step d), the prepacked units of products 4 are then placed (step e) and then the top 14 is placed on the stack 2 of pre-packed units of products 4 and the top panels 22 are folded (step $g$ ), hence step f) is optional. However step f), meaning a method where the top 14 and base 10 are provided together with a pre-cut division 30 in-between, is preferable as lifting the top 14 enables to slightly re-arrange prepacked units of products 4 and reduce overhangs risks, in other words, the raising of the top 14 ensures that the pre-packed units of products 4 stays within the inner volume delimited by the base 10, arms 12 and top 14.
[0068] The method can comprise an additional step, step $h$ ), of pushing the fastening element 24 , specifically pushing onto the cardboard portion(s) 28 inward, meaning within the inner volume delimited by the base side panel 16 and bottom panel 18, the pre-cuts 26 thereby yielding, and the mobile panel portion 28 delimiting a receiving space 36 with two passing holes 40 where an arm 12 can slide through as illustrated in FIG. 5C. This step is optional as we've seen there can be alternative fastening mechanisms. Preferably step h) is between step c) and step d).
[0069] The method can comprise a further additional step, step i), if the method comprises a step h), where once the arms 12 are arranged in the receiving space, the mobile panel portion 28 is pushed outward until it abuts against the L-shape arm 12. Preferably step i) is between step d) and step e) or between step e) and step f) or between step e) and step g).
[0070] This embodiment is illustrated in FIG. 6A to FIG. 6D, which illustrate a top-view cross section close-up of a corner of the base 10. FIG. 6A illustrates the cardboard packaging 8, namely the base 10, prior to step h). FIG. 6B illustrates the cardboard packaging 8 after step h, meaning once the carboard portion 28 is pushed inwardly towards the interior, or within the inner volume 38, of the container delimited by the base side panel 16 and bottom panel 18. The carboard portion 28 delimits a receiving space 36 delimited by the base side panels 16 and the carboard portion 28 with two passing holes 40 (FIG. 3) in which the arm 12 can slide through. FIG. 6C illustrates the cardboard packaging 8 after step d), once the Lshaped arm 12 has been slid in through the passing holes 40 and the receiving space 36 until it abuts against the
bottom panel 18. FIG. 6D illustrates the cardboard packaging 8 after step i), meaning once the carboard portion 28 is pushed outwardly towards the exterior of the cardboard packaging 8 until it abuts against the L-shaped arm 12. The L-shaped arm 12 is thereby reversibly secured to the base 10 and can be separated from the base 10 by moving again the carboard portion 28 inwards toward the interior 38 to reach again the configuration illustrated in FIG. 6C and by pulling out the L-shaped arm 12 from the receiving space 36 .
[0071] The invention also pertains to the use of a cardboard packaging 8 as described previously to stabilize a stack 2 of pre-packed unit of products 4, preferably a stack of pre-packed unit of absorbent articles.
[0072] The invention also pertains to an assembly comprising a stack 2 of pre-packed unit of products 4, said stack 2 comprising a plurality of absorbent article and a cardboard packaging 8 as described previously.
[0073] It is supposed that the present invention is not restricted to any form of realization described previously and that some modifications can be added to the presented example of fabrication without reappraisal of the appended claims.

## Claims

1. Cardboard packaging (8) for stabilizing a stack (2) of pre-packed units of products (4), preferably a stack of pre-packed units of absorbent articles, wherein said cardboard packaging (8) comprises three distinct components comprising:
a. a base (10) comprising at least one bottom panel (18) and four bottom side panels (16) and delimiting a container to stack pre-packed units of products (4),
b. at least two elongated arms (12) extending in a perpendicular direction in relation to the plane delimited by the bottom panel (18), and c. a top (14) comprising at least one top panel (22), four side panel (20) and delimiting a container to stack pre-packed units of products (4),
wherein, the base (10) comprises a fastening element (24) to fasten said arms (12) to the base (10).
2. Cardboard packaging (8) according to claim 1 , wherein the cardboard packaging (8) comprises a pre-cut division (30) arranged transversally between the base (10) and top (14) enabling the detachment of the base (10) from the top (14).
3. Cardboard packaging (8) according to any of the preceding claims, wherein the top (14) comprises a fastening element (24) to fasten said arms (12) to the top (14).
4. Cardboard packaging (8) according to any of the preceding claims, wherein the fastening element (24) comprises two pre-cut portions (26) extending parallel to one another and in one direction arranged at the junction between two side panels (16) and extending on both side panels (16) on both side of said junction.
5. Cardboard packaging (8) according to claim 4, wherein the pre-cut portions (26) delimit a mobile panel portion (28) that can be moved toward the inner volume of the container delimited by the base (10).
6. Cardboard packaging (8) according to any of the preceding claims, wherein the top (14) comprises at least one cut-out (32) serving as a gripping feature.
7. Cardboard packaging (8) according to claim 5, wherein the mobile panel portion (28) comprises a height ( $\mathrm{h}_{28}$ ) and a width ( $\mathrm{w}_{28}$ ), wherein the height $\left(h_{16}\right)$ of the bottom side panel (16) is from 1.5 time to 4 times greater than the height $\left(\mathrm{h}_{28}\right)$ of the mobile panel portion (28), preferably around 2 times greater, and/or the width ( $\mathrm{w}_{16}$ ) of the bottom side panel (16) is from 3 times to 8 times greater than the width $\left(\mathrm{w}_{28}\right)$ of the mobile panel portion (28).
8. Cardboard packaging (8) according to claims 5 and 6 , wherein the surface area delimited by the cut-out (32) is from 3 times to 15 times lesser than the surface area delimited by the mobile panel portion (28).
9. Cardboard packaging (8) according to claim 6 or 8 , wherein two cut-outs (32) are arranged on a top side panel (20) and one single cut-out (32) is arranged on the two adjacent top side panels (20).
10. Use of a cardboard packaging (8) as described previously to stabilize a stack (2) of pre-packed unit of products (4), preferably a stack of pre-packed unit of absorbent articles.
11. Method to stabilize a stack (2) of pre-packed units of products (4) using a cardboard packaging (8) as described in any of the claims 1 to 9 , wherein the method comprises the following steps:
a. providing a cardboard packaging (8) as described in claims 1 to 9 ;
b. pivoting the side panels $(16,20)$ and bottom panel(s) (18) to delimit an open container;
c. arranging an arm (12) at each corner of the base (10) and/or top (14);
d. arranging a stack (2) of pre-packed units of products (4) in said container delimited by the base (10) and/or top (14) and arms (12);
e. separating the base (10) from the top (14) and raising the top (14) or placing the top (14) on top
of the stack (2) of pre-packed units of products (4), and pivoting the top panels (22) over the stack (2) of pre-packed units of products (4).
12. Method according to claim 11 dependent of claim 5 and following, wherein the method comprises an additional step $f$. where the mobile panel portion (28) is moved inward the container delimited by the base (10) delimiting a receiving space (36) with two passing holes (40) where an arm (12) can slide through.
13. Method according to claim 12, wherein the method comprises an additional step g. where the mobile panel portion (28) is moved outward, once the arm (12) has been arranged within the receiving space (36), up to the point where the mobile panel portion (28) abuts against said arm (12).
14. Assembly comprising a stack (2) of pre-packed unit of products (4), said stack (2) comprising a plurality of absorbent articles and a cardboard packaging (8) according to any of the claims 1 to 9 .

FIG. 1


FIG. 2



FIG. 4


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FIG. 5A


FIG. 5E


8

FIG. 5F

FIG. 6A


FIG. 6C


EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT


ANNEX TO THE EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT
ON EUROPEAN PATENT APPLICATION NO.

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## REFERENCES CITED IN THE DESCRIPTION

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