PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT SAVING LIVES BY INDEPENDENT, EXPERT TESTING & CERTIFICATION OF PPE





Centexbel International Ltd.









European Union CE marking

Many products require CE marking before they can be sold The UKCA (UK Conformity Assessed) marking is a new UK product marking that is used for goods being placed on in the EU. CE marking indicates that a product has been assessed by the manufacturer and deemed to meet EU the market in Great Britain (England, Wales and Scotland). safety, health and environmental protection requirements. It covers most goods which previously required the CE marking, known as 'new approach' goods. It is required for products manufactured anywhere in the world that are then marketed in the EU.

The CE marking must be accompanied by the identification number of the notified body¹ that is responsible for the annual monitoring.

Centexbel is notified body #0493

Medical Device or PPE?

Some products serving a dual purpose may fall under different regulations.

Some products may be intended to be used both as personal protective equipment and as a medical device. These products therefore have a dual purpose. For example, gloves with a medical purpose in the patient environment are medical devices (e.g. examination gloves), but as they may also be designed to protect to the user, they can fall within the definition of personal protective equipment. Masks used by surgeons during surgery may also be designed as a filtering respiratory device to protect the user against body liquids or other infective agents. Sunglasses or other protective glasses/goggles or visors with correction are another common example of dual-purpose devices.

If a manufacturer wants to market a product as both a medical device and personal protective equipment, it must meet the essential health and safety requirements of both the PPE and medical device regulations.

UK CA

UK market **UKCA** marking

Centexbel International Ltd is approved body #8515

US market **Consumer Product Safety Commission**

US Federal law requires manufacturers and importers to test many consumer products for compliance with consumer product safety requirements. Based on passing test results, the manufacturer or importer must certify the consumer product as compliant with the applicable consumer product safety requirements in a written or electronic certificate.

Certificates are required to accompany the applicable product or shipment of products covered by the certificate, and a copy must be provided to retailers, distributors and, upon request, to the government.

With its extended range of testing and certification services, Centexbel enables you to effectively put your products on the market. By being independent of all product suppliers, installers and manufacturers, we can guarantee a confidential and impartial service, and provide you with reliable and objective guidance.

As a BELAC (056-PROD - EN ISO/IEC 17065:2012) Accredited Certification Body and Notified Body #0493 for the PPE Regulation (EU) 2016/425 and other specific Directives and Regulations, Centexbel guides you to meet and demonstrate compliance of your products with all relevant standards and legislation.

As a UKAS approved body #8515, Centexbel International Ltd. offers the same service for the products you desire to export to the UK market.

> We guarantee expertise, quality, safety, reliability, and accuracy!

 (ϵ) PPE MARKING

Personal protective equipment (PPE) are products that the user can wear or hold, in order to be protected against hazards either at home, at work or whilst engaging in leisure activities. Statistics on fatal and major work accidents underline the importance of protection and prevention, for which personal protective equipment plays an important role.

EU Legislation and PPE

The European Union issued a number of regulations to improve health and safety at work and to ensure high quality PPE. PPE Regulation (EU)2016/425 covers the manufacturing and marketing of personal protective equipment. It defines legal obligations to ensure that PPE on the European market provides the highest level of protection against hazards.

The CE marking affixed to PPE provides evidence of this protection.

As this is a "New Approach" legislation, manufacturers or their authorised representative in the EU can comply with the technical requirements directly or with European Harmonised Standards. The latter provides a presumption of conformity to the essential health and safety requirements.

PPE Regulation (EU)2016/425

The PPE Regulation is aligned to the New Legislative Framework policy and slightly modifies the scope and the risk categorisation of products. It also clarifies the documentary obligations of economic operators.



Pictograms

Intended Use



Protection against moving parts



Protection against (high) chemical risk



Protection against static electricity



Protection against heat and flame



Protection against particulate radioactive contamination



Protective clothing used during welding operations



Protective clothing (equipment) for fire fighters



Protection against micro-organisms EN 374-2

Protection against mechanical risks

Producers and/or distributors of PPE are obliged to affix the CE-marking on the equipment as a visible indication of conformity with the fundamental requirements. The EU Regulation (EU)2016/425 appeals to notified bodies for a number of tasks. This is especially the case for the CE-type examination of PPE belonging to categories II and III and for the monitoring of PPE of category III. Since 1994, CENTEXBEL is recognized by the FPS Economy (Federal Public Services) as a notified body (European notification number 0493) for protective clothing and gloves and for

respiratory protection.

Pictograms Intended Use



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Protection against (low) chemical risk

Protection against chain saws

Protection against cold

Protection against cuts and stabs



Protection against microbiological hazards

High visibility protective clothing (equipment)





Protective clothing (equipment) for abrasive blasting operators

Protection against foul weather

Standards: Protective clothing EN ISO 13688 Protective clothing - general requirements EN 342 Protective clothing against cold EN 343 Protective clothing against rain EN 381 Protective clothing for users of hand-held chain saws EN 469 Protective clothing for firefighters. Performance requirements for protective clothing for firefighting EN ISO 20471 High visibility clothing - Test methods and requirements EN 510 Specification for protective clothing for use where there is a risk of entanglement with moving parts EN 943-1 Protective clothing against dangerous solid, liquid and gaseous chemicals, including liquid and solid aerosols -Part 1: Performance requirements for Type 1 (gas-tight) chemical protective suits EN 943-2 Protective clothing against liquid and gaseous chemicals, including liquid aerosols and solid particles -Part 2: Performance requirements for "gas-tight" (Type 1) chemical protective suits for emergency teams (ET) EN 1073-1 Protective clothing against radioactive contamination. Requirements and test methods for ventilated protective clothing against particulate radioactive contamination

EN 1073-2 Protective clothing against radioactive contamination. Requirements and test methods for non-ventilated protective clothing against particulate radioactive contamination

EN 1149-5 Protective clothing. Electrostatic properties. Material performance and design requirements

EN 1150 Protective clothing. Visibility clothing for nonprofessional use. Test methods and requirements

 EN 1486
 Protective clothing for fire-fighters. Test methods and requirements for reflective clothing for specialized fire-fighting

 EN ISO 11611
 Protective clothing for use in welding and allied processes

EN ISO 11612 Protective clothing. Clothing to protect against heat and flame

EN 13034	Protective clothing against liquid chemicals. Performance requirements for chemical protective clothing offering limited protective performance against liquid chemicals (Type 6 and Type PB [6] equipment)		
EN 13982-1	Protective clothing for use against solid particulates. Performance requirements for chemical protective clothing providing protection to the full body against airborne solid particulates (type 5 clothing)		
EN ISO 13998	Protective clothing. Aprons, trousers and vests protecting against cuts and stabs by hand knives		
EN ISO 14116	Protective clothing. Protection against heat and flame. Limited flame spread materials, material assemblies and clothing		
EN 14605	Protective clothing against liquid chemicals. Performance requirements for clothing with liquid-tight (Type 3) or spray-tight (Type 4) connections, including items providing protection to parts of the body only (Types PB [3] and PB [4])		
EN ISO 14877	Protective clothing for abrasive blasting operations using granular abrasives		
EN 14126	Protective clothing. Performance requirements and tests methods for protective clothing against infective agents		
EN 13356	Visibility accessories for non-professional use		
EN 13758-2	Textiles. Solar UV protective properties. Classification and marking of apparel		
EN 13911	Protective clothing for firefighters. Requirements and test methods for fire hoods for firefighters		
EN 14058	Protective clothing. Garments for protection against cool environments		
EN 14404	Personal protective equipment. Knee protectors for work in the kneeling position		
EN 14786	Protective clothing. Determination of resistance to penetration by sprayed liquid chemicals, emulsions and dispersions. Atomizer test		
EN 15614	Protective clothing for firefighters. Laboratory test methods and performance requirements for wildland clothing		
ISO 15384	Protective clothing for firefighters Laboratory test methods and performance requirements for wildland firefighting clothing		
EN 61482-2	Live working - Protective clothing against the thermal hazards of an electric arc - Part 2: Requirements		

Standards: Protective gloves

EN 374	Protective gloves against chemicals and micro-organisms	EN 659+A1	Protective gloves for fire-fighters
EN ISO 374-1	Protective gloves against dangerous chemicals and micro-organisms - Part 1: Terminology and performance requirements for chemical risks	EN ISO 374-5	Protective gloves against dangerous chemicals and micro-organisms - Part 5: Terminology and performance requirements for microorganisms risks
EN 381-7	Protective clothing for users of hand-held chainsaws - Part 7: Requirements for chainsaw protective gloves	EN 1082	Protective clothing. Gloves and arm guards protecting against cuts and stabs by hand knives
EN 388	Protective gloves against mechanical risks	EN ISO 10819	Mechanical vibration and shock. Hand-arm vibration. Method for the measurement and evaluation of the vibration transmissibility of gloves at the palm of the hand
EN ISO 13997	Protective clothing - Mechanical properites - Determination of resistance to cutting by sharp objects		
EN 407	Protective gloves against thermal risks	EN 12477	Protective gloves for welders
EN ISO 21420 EN 420	Protective gloves - General requirements and test methods	EN 14328	Protective clothing. Gloves and arm guards protecting against cuts by powered knives. Requirements and test methods
EN 421	Protective gloves against ionizing radiation and radioactive contamination	EN 60903	Live working - Gloves of insulating material
EN 511	Protective gloves against cold	EN ISO 15383	Protective gloves for firefighters - Laboratory test methods and performance requirements

Standard: Respiratory protective devices

EN 149 Respiratory protective devices - Filtering half masks to protect against particles - Requirements, testing, marking

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